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GRIFFING'S SEED CATALOGUE

RESULTS
FROM
GRIFFING'S
TESTED
SEEDS

FOR

SUMMER AND FALL
PLANTING 1900

MONEYMAKER
TOMATO

G. W. GREENE ENG. JACKSONVILLE

THE GRIFFING BROS. CO.
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

POMONA NURSERIES
EXCELSIOR SEED FARMS.
FOR CONDENSED LIST OF FRUIT
TREES, ETC. SEE PAGES 12 TO 16

NURSERIES TEST
GROUNDS AND BRANCHES:
MACCLENNY, FLA.
MIAMI, FLA.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

It is with great pleasure that we acknowledge in this, our first Summer and Fall Seed Catalogue, the cordial welcome accorded our Seed Department, and to thank the many friends and patrons who have best expressed their welcome greeting by their liberal patronage. Especially gratifying is it to us that in nearly every instance, the many patrons of our Nursery Department, who have annually purchased their fruit trees, etc., from us, not only renewed their orders for these, but also favored us with their orders for garden and field seed. This, together with the many orders from new patrons made our season's business in our Seed Department most gratifying and encourages us to push forward in this department with greater energy.

In this Catalogue we are offering only such seed as are especially adapted for summer and fall planting in the lower south, together with a condensed list of some of our more popular sorts and varieties of Fruit Trees, etc., from our Nursery Department.

This, our Seed Department, is fully equipped and all seeds are handled and orders filled in the most careful manner. Our system for testing seed for germinating quality is thorough and after the most approved method. We carefully test all seed before sending them out.

Those purchasing these seed from us may feel assured of getting only the best quality of seed, of varieties and from stock especially selected for planting in the lower south. That better results can be obtained from planting such seed can easily be appreciated by all careful thinking farmers and gardeners.

Again thanking our many friends and patrons for their liberal patronage in our several departments, and especially the cordial welcome and patronage given our Seed Department, and soliciting a continuance of same which we promise to give our careful attention, we are

Yours truly,

THE GRIFFING BROS. CO.

Jacksonville, Fla., August 1, 1900.

READ CAREFULLY BEFORE ORDERING,

Terms and Conditions of Sale, Etc.

SEED DEPARTMENT.

SEND BY MAIL OR EXPRESS, PREPAID.—We will mail postpaid at our expense, or send by express prepaid, all orders for seed in packets, ounces, pounds, pints or quarts. Orders for larger quantities will be shipped by express or freight collect, according to size and character of order.

GUARANTEE.—While we exercise every precaution to handle seed pure and fresh, and hold ourselves liable under this guarantee to refund original price in case of default, but no more. We do not guarantee perfect stands or good crops as this depends upon the elements and natural causes over which we have no control.

TERMS—Cash with order. Goods can be sent c.o.d. when order is accompanied by 25% of the amount.
All seed and supplies shipped from Jacksonville, Florida.

NURSERY DEPARTMENT.

FREIGHT PREPAID ON FRUIT TREES.—All orders for nursery stock amounting to \$5.00 or over, which are accompanied by remittance in full, at the prices named in this list, we will ship by **FREIGHT PREPAID** to all points in the following states, viz: Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas.

GUARANTEE.—Everything shipped out by us is guaranteed to be strictly healthy, carefully selected or graded, well rooted, true to name, and properly packed, and we hold ourselves liable under this guarantee to refund original price received or replace stock in case of default, but no more. All claims for damages or deficiencies must be made inside of five days from receipt of goods.

SUBSTITUTION.—When out of varieties or sizes ordered we substitute, unless instructed to the contrary, always giving the purchaser the benefit of our best judgment in so doing. In all cases we will cheerfully refund the money instead of substituting, if so requested.

TERMS, CASH WITH ORDER, if for immediate shipment. On orders booked in advance, 25 per cent. down at time of placing order, to insure us reserving goods; balance at time of ordering goods shipped.

GRIFFING'S TESTED SEEDS FOR SUMMER AND FALL PLANTING

The Summer and Fall Garden.

In the lower South the vegetable garden is as a rule sadly neglected, and especially the summer and fall garden. Few people seem to realize the large number of vegetables that can be grown in the lower South during the summer and fall months, and the handsome returns to be realized from same both for market and home use. You can just as well have the quick maturing varieties of cabbage, bush beans, garden peas, beets, lettuce, bush squash, radishes, cucumbers, onions from sets, tomatoes, etc., during the entire fall and up to the time the plants are killed by frost, and at a season when vegetables are scarce and the highest prices can be realized.

How few people consider this fact. They seem to think that when the garden is planted in the spring the garden operations for the year are ended. This is not as it should be. The Fall garden, if properly managed, will give quite as good returns as the Spring garden. Every farmer or trucker should plant a Fall garden. If not for market he should at least plant one for home use. It is a matter of business. A good garden keeps down the store bill, to say nothing of the pleasure derived from having abundance of fresh vegetables during the Fall and Winter months.

BEAN.

Culture.—In the Lower South beans can be planted for Fall and Winter crop from August 15 to November 1, according to latitude. Planted in rows from 2 to 3 feet apart, dropping beans 3 or 4 inches in the drill. Cover about 2 inches, or a little deeper than for Spring planting. Stir the soil frequently and hill up just before blooming. Any good, well drained and pulverized land produce beans. For best results fertilize liberally.

there is no more valuable green podded variety: A favorite with market gardeners. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts; peck \$2.25. Special price on bushel lots.



Extra Early Red Valentine.

BEANS 25 Percent Off
In Pint & Bushel Lots

ABOUT BUSH SNAP BEANS.

Bush Beans for Summer and Fall planting are very scarce, owing to the short crop last season and the heavy demand for them this Spring. Therefore the price is high. The demand for these will be large, and for this reason we advise those wishing bush beans to order early.

GREEN-PODDED BUSH BEAN.

New Extra Early Refugee. This Bean has become very popular with the truck farmer. An immense yielder; sure to produce a crop in dry or wet season. It is ready for market ten days earlier than the old Refugee. A fine shipper. It is becoming one of the most popular green podded snaps, both for Spring and Summer. Pkt 10 cents; pint 30 cents; quart 50 cents; peck \$2.25. Special price for bushel lots.

Extra Early Red Valentine. One of the best and earliest; very productive; pods round, curved, medium length, very fleshy. For snaps

Early Mohawk. Very early and productive, long, green podded, flat. Tender while young. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts; peck \$2.25.

Best of All. A German variety of great value, and becoming very popular. Prolific, and of excellent flavor. Desirable for family use. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts; peck \$2.25.

New Stringless Green Pod. Pods large and straight, crisp, tender, and entirely stringless. Extra early, and especially desirable for nearby markets and home use. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts; peck \$2.25

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. Claimed by introducer to be the only green pod stringless Bean in cultivation. Pods long, straight, crisp and tender. Extra early, and especially valuable for nearby market or home use. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts; peck \$2.25.



WAX PODDED.

Improved Golden Wax. An old but very desirable variety, either for home use or market. Early; round golden pods; bears in clusters. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 45 cts; peck \$2.00.

Dwarf German Black Wax. One of the oldest of yellow wax or golden podded varieties. Pods round and meaty; ready for table in about forty days from germination. Erect-growing dwarf bush. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts; peck \$2.25.

BUSH LIMA BEANS.

Henderson's Dwarf Lima. Very valuable. Grows without aid of stake or poles. in bush form; produces enormous crops of small Lima Beans. A single plant has been known to have 270 pods on it at one time. Earlier than any of the climbing Limas. Bears continuously until frost. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts.

Burpee's Large Bush Lima. The bush grows 18 or 20 inches high; always erect, yet branching so vigorously that each plant develops into large, circular bushes two or three feet in diameter; are immense yielders, bearing handsome large pods, well filled with beans, which are identical in size and luscious flavor to the well known large pole Lima. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts.

POLE OR RUNNING BEANS.

Crease Back, or Fat Horse. The old reliable round pod Georgia Bean. A plump stringless snap and a good shell bean; bears until frost. Suitable for planting in corn fields. Pkt 10 cts; pint 35 cts; quart 55 cts.

Improved Kentucky Wonder. Very early; green podded; enormously productive; pods in clusters. large, crisp and tender. Pkt 10 cts; pint 30 cts; quart 50 cts.

SPECIAL TO TRUCK FARMERS.

If truck farmers and market gardeners will send us a complete list of the seeds they will require we will be pleased to name SPECIAL PRICES on our high grade tested seeds.

We wish to supply the majority of the seed used by market gardeners in Florida.

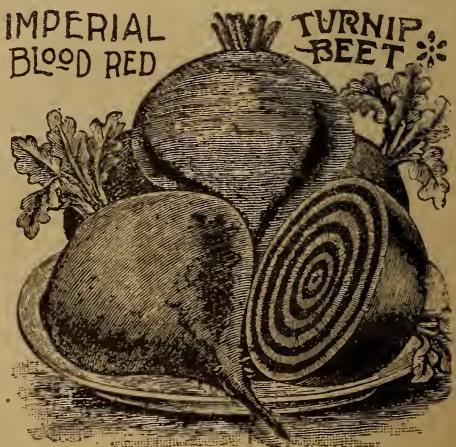
Our seeds are of highest quality and prices will be low.

BEETS.

Culture.—Sow any time from September 1 to May 1, according to location. Soil should be rich and moist but well drained. Plant in drills 12 to 15 inches apart; cover about one inch; thin out when one month old. Soak seed over night in warm water. One ounce for 50 feet of drill.

Extra Early Eclipse. Smooth, round, excellent variety; of dark red color, and very fine grained flesh. One of the earliest Beets in cultivation. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

IMPERIAL BLOOD RED



Egyptian Extra Early. A favorite with market gardeners and truckers, because of its earliness. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

Imperial Blood-red Turnip. A deep blood variety; slightly oval in form; very fine flavor. Earlier, more uniform in size and shape, and of better quality than old strains. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 25 cts; pound 50 cts.

Long Blood-red. A very desirable long variety for late use; especially desirable in the southern states on account of its resisting heat and drought. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel-wurzel. Very desirable for stock. Grows to an extraordinary size and of superior quality for a large growing kind. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

Imperial Sugar. Skin cream color; flesh white; heavy producer. Valuable for feeding. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

BROCCOLI.

A plant much resembling Cauliflower, and like it, derived from the wild cabbage. Broccoli requires a longer season to develop than cauliflower. It has more numerous and stiffer leaves, and heads are smaller. Especially adapted for planting in the Lower South.

Culture. Plant seed in beds during August and September; transplant when 3 to 4 inches high. Cultivate same as cauliflower. Does best on well manured soil with plenty of water.

Large Early White. Large white head, resembling cauliflower. We offer an especially fine strain of Early White Broccoli and strongly recommend its more general culture. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 40 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.50.

CABBAGE.

Culture.—There is probably no other one vegetable in the whole list more largely grown, either for home use or on a large scale for commercial shipments, than the Cabbage, and yet we believe that there is not a vegetable whose habits and nature are so little understood by those cultivating it. A brief statement of the habits and nature of the Cabbage, with a few simple rules generally observed, may prevent the failure and loss of the crop in the future. In Florida and the Gulf states we are, as "might be said" growing cabbage out of season and against nature.

In its native element the Cabbage is a biennial plant. Here in the South, where all our seasons are so much alike, care must be taken not to check growth of the plant more than once, as it is a well known fact that the checking of the growth the second time will change it from a biennial to an annual, and when the growth is again resumed there will be an effort to go to seed and not to head. Some plants will fully develop bloom; others will make a tall, branching growth of leaves like collards or kale, while in other cases the buds will be merely forced upward, making apparently round or cone shaped cabbages. The field will have the appearance of being a mixed lot of plants, and consequently the seedsmen gets the blame for the failure. The one necessary check in the growth of the cabbage is given when the plant is removed from the seed bed to the field, after which the plants should be kept constantly growing, and the cultivation must be thorough and regular. There are, however, occasionally unavoidable checks in the growth, caused from freezes and droughts. Many times when the freeze is not severe enough to kill the plant or even wilt the leaves, yet it absolutely stops the growth for a time, and many planters have been deceived into thinking his crop was

not injured, only to find later on that it was practically ruined. A long continued drought in light sandy soil will have the same result.

For Fall and Winter crops, sow seeds in beds any time between August and November; for Spring and Summer crops, from November to March 1. Sow the seed in well pulverized beds, moist, but not too rich; cover about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, and never allow the bed to become dry. Do not seed too thickly, or force the growth of the young plants too rapidly, or the plant will grow too tall, slim and tender, and will not stand transplanting well. Set the plants down to the first leaf, it matters not how long the root stem may be. Supply the plants with plenty of manure and moisture, and keep them well cultivated and constantly growing. Your results will be satisfactory.

For both market and home use, we advise planting at intervals of from ten days to two weeks apart during the planting season, instead of planting the entire crop at one time.



Select Early Jersey Wakefield.

The Cabbage seeds we offer are all standard, tried and tested varieties, and those that have proved themselves especially adapted to southern planting. Our seeds are all from choice American grown stock. There is a vast difference in Cabbage seeds, and it stands every planter in hand to buy his seeds only from houses that have a reputation at stake and cannot afford to fill orders with worthless seeds. Therefore, beware of buying seeds from country stores, or from northern seedsmen who have no real interest in the South.

Special Price on Cabbage Seed in Pound Orders

Select Early Jersey Wakefield. Most widely cultivated of the early cabbages. It is very early, short-stemmed, head cone-shaped, broad at bottom with blunt peak, leaves well folded over the top. A reliable header, and most excellent in all good qualities. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

Large Jersey Wakefield or Charleston. A few days later than Early Jersey Wakefield; heads much larger, and stands longer. A good variety, and a favorite with market gardeners. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 30 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 85 cts.

Early Summer. One of the earliest flat-head cabbages, coming in ten days later than Wakefield; heads oval; color bluish green, with light-colored veins; stem short and stocky. A very desirable variety for late planting. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

Imperial Flat Dutch. A valuable medium early sort; grows very large size; flat heads. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts.

All Seasons. Can be planted for either early or late crop; heads of great thickness and of superior quality. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 70 cts.

Large Late Flat Dutch. One of the most popular of all cabbages; large, late, hardy; certain to head. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

Gripping's Succession. One of the best intermediate flat-headed varieties ever introduced; a few days later than Early Summer; heads very large, flat and well shaped. It is especially suited for amateur and market gardeners, as it adapts itself alike to either Summer, Autumn or Winter planting. Successive crops of this most valuable cabbage can be had through the entire Fall, Winter, Spring and early Summer. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 35 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.00.

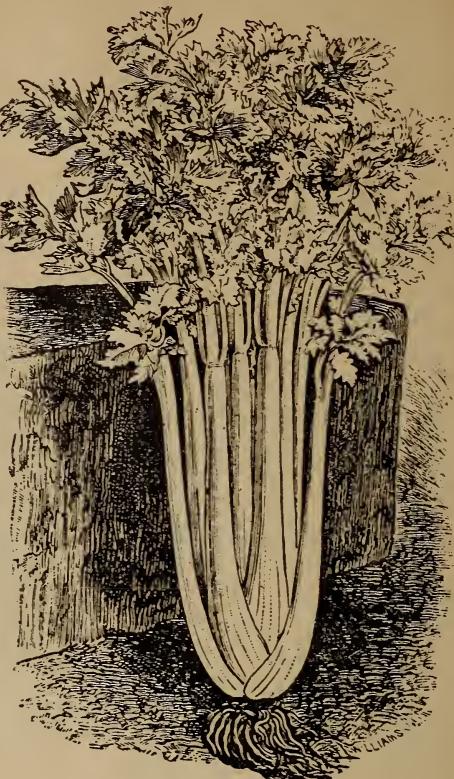
Large Late Drumhead. A very large, late maturing standard variety; always reliable as a header, and of excellent quality; a favorite with many market gardeners. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 30 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 85 cts.

CARROTS.

Culture.—In the South, sow from September until March. Does best in rich, sandy loam which has been well manured. Seeds should be sown in drills from 1 foot to 18 inches apart, and when large enough thin out to about 4 inches in the drill.

Long Orange. An old well known variety. Roots long; deep orange color; heavy cropper. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 25 cts; pound, 75 cts.

New Half Long. Coreless; smooth; skin rich color; an excellent variety. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 25 cts; pound 75 cts.



Golden Self Blanching.

Culture.—For Fall crop sow seed in April or May; for Winter and Summer crop sow in August, September and October. Seed-bed should be moist, only moderately fertile, well pulverized, and as free from grass or weed seed as possible. Do not manure seed-bed at time of planting. Celery seeds are slow to germinate. They should be sown carefully, and covered lightly with fine earth. Never allow the seed-bed to become dry, in the Summer a partial shade is beneficial. As soon as large enough, remove plants to rich, damp soil, and plant a distance of 3 or 5 inches apart each way; pinch off a part of the root and top in transplanting.

In planting into the garden or field, dig or plow trenches 4 or 5 feet apart and a foot deep; fill in 4 or 5 inches of well rotted manure or compost, cover with soil until trench is nearly level. In transplanting, set them in the rows thus prepared, and plant about 6 inches apart. At the end of 4 or 5 weeks commence drawing the soil up around the leaves, packing it firmly. Keep well banked up if you want tender and well blanched celery. Water freely with soap suds, liquid manure or water, being careful not to pour it on the plants. Never allow celery to suffer for water.

A celery bed should, if possible, be in a fertile, moist but well drained place. Leaf mold is excellent to bank around the celery to blanch it, instead of drawing up the earth.

Golden Self-blanching. A valuable variety of the same general character as the White Plume, but more stocky and a beautiful, waxy golden color; very easily blanched. One of the favorites among celery growers. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 35 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.00.

White Plume. One of the standard early varieties. Easily blanched, and therefore very desirable for both amateurs and market gardeners. Claimed to be one of the easiest varieties to grow. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60c.

AULIFLOWER .

Culture. Sow seed in seed-bed at same time and in similar manner as cabbage. Transplant when 3 or 4 inches high. Needs well manured soil and plenty of water in dry weather. Heads may be bleached extra white by closely tying the leaves over the top. A choice vegetable, and should be more generally cultivated in the South than it now is.

Early Snowball. Early, pure white, good sized, medium length of stalk. Unexcelled for planting in the South, where it can be relied upon as a sure header. Pkt 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce 85 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce \$1.50. Special prices quoted on larger quantities.

Imperial. A new and very desirable introduction. Medium size heads, compact, pure white. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce 50 cts; ounce \$1.50.

Extra Early Paris. One of the earliest varieties in cultivation. Very dwarf, large, white and compact; heads of finest quality; highly recommended. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce 30 cts; ounce \$1.00.

Giant Pascal. The stalks are very large, thick, solid, crisp, with a rich, nutty flavor. It blanches easily and quickly, and retains its freshness a long time after being marketed. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 12 cts; pound \$1.50.

COLLARDS.

Culture.—Same as cabbage. This is particularly a southern vegetable, and is highly prized by the people of this section. It is a sure cropper and yields abundantly. Collards make excellent feed for stock, and especially for poultry, where they are confined in quarters.

Improved White Georgia or Cabbaging. You will never know how good a Collard can be until you have tried this seed. A rank grower, and will make well even in adverse seasons. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 30 cts. Special prices will be quoted on larger quantities.

CUCUMBERS.

Culture.—Will thrive in any good garden soil. Sow in hills from 3 to 5 feet apart each way; put 10 or 12 seeds in a hill, and when well up, thin out, leaving 4 or 5 of the strongest plants. Manure the hills well. Cultivate thoroughly and carefully. If dry, water the young plants.

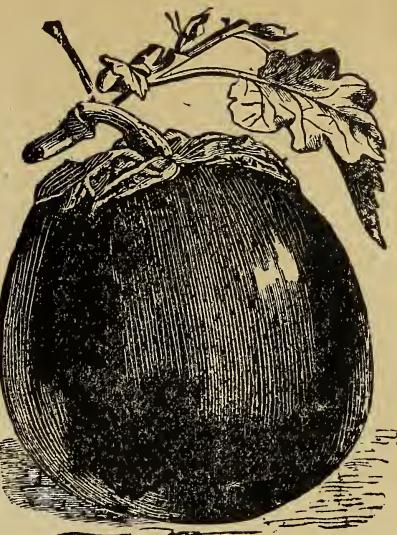
Landreth's First. Surpassed by few in length and slimness of fruit. The earliest long slim field cucumber in cultivation. Valuable for market on this account. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.

Improved White Spine. Well known and largely planted by southern shippers. Very productive and early. If pulled while small it makes a hard, brittle pickle of superior quality; if allowed to reach maturity is a grand table variety. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 50 cts.

Long Green Turkish. Especially recommended for pickles. Fruit very long, slim, and of good proportion. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 25 cts; pound 60 cts.

Early Frame or Short Green. An old sort still in favor. Used largely for pickles. Medium size, straight and handsome. Bears heavily. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 50 cts.

EGG PLANT.



Griffing's Improved Thornless Egg Plant.

Culture.—Seed should be sown in beds and kept damp. When up nicely thin out to 3 or 4 inches apart, transplanting those you take out to another bed. When plants are large enough plant in hills 3 feet apart in well manured soil. Cultivate thoroughly.

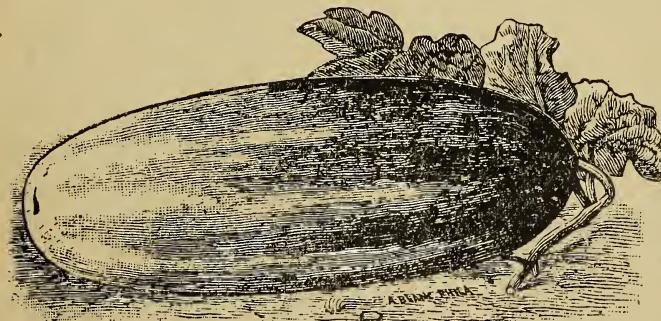
Griffing's Improved Thornless. Large, round, thornless. Valuable for truckers. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 40 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.25.

New York Improved. The standard round purple sort; large, solid, weighty and showy. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 35 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.00. Special prices will be quoted on larger quantities.

ENDIVE.

Culture.—Same as lettuce.

Green Curled. Not only most useful for salads, but much used for garnishing. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts.



Improved White Spine.

LEEK.

Culture.—Same as onions, except they should be set very deep to grow long, tender stalks.

Large Carentan. A popular and valuable sort. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts.

FOR \$1.00 we will send by mail, postpaid, any 30 packets of Seeds listed in this Catalogue at 5 cents per packet, or any 15 packets listed, at 10 cents per packet.

LETTUCE.

Culture.—Sow in seed-bed in August, September and October. Keep seed-bed moist; when plants are large enough, transplant into rows 18 to 24 inches apart, and from 6 to 8 inches in the row. The soil should be rich, and the growth pushed in order to produce crisp, tender heads. If sown or allowed to grow too thick it will grow up spindling, become tough, go to seed early, and die out entirely.

Bloomsdale Reliable. A medium-sized cabbage variety, never failing to head, slow to go to seed, and in all respects one of the best sorts ever introduced. Thin leaf, closely folded head, few outside leaves, quick to grow. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts.

Big Boston. Large, fine solid heads, which bring the highest prices. Excellent, both for home and early market. A favorite with gardeners. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 50 cts; pound \$1.60.

Improved Hanson. An ideal Lettuce in all respects; forms very large heads, resists heat and drought remarkably well. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 40 cts; pound 85 cts.

Slow Seeder. Very nutritious; a long-standing, white-leaved, cabbage-heading sort. Remains in market condition long after all other sorts have gone to seed. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 40 cts; pound 85 cts.

Salamander. One of the best for the South; stands the heat and drought better than most others. Light green outside and white inside. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 45 cts; pound \$1.

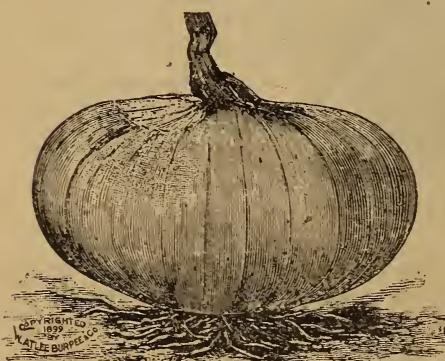
MUSTARD.

Culture.—Sow any time of the year in good garden soil. Plant moderately thick in drills. Keep free from weeds and grass. A fine green feed for poultry, when kept in confinement where they cannot get a plenty of green to eat.

Giant Southern Curled-leaved. An old favorite, producing large, curled, crisp leaves. Excellent for salads or boiling alone, or with other greens. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 60 cts.

SEEDS BY MAIL. The prices named in this list for seeds in packets, ounces, pounds, also in pints and quarts, are for the goods by mail, postpaid.

ONIONS.



White Bermuda.

Culture.—In Florida and the Lower South the seed should be sown in beds from September 1 until December 1; farther north in early Spring. Sow moderately thick, in rows 6 or 8 inches apart; cover seed with about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of earth, which must be well mixed down and kept damp until they are well up. If weather is hot and dry, seed-bed should have partial shade. When plants are from 5 to 6 inches high and the size of a goose quill, transplant them into well manured rows, about 24 inches apart and about 5 or 6 inches apart in the rows. Cultivate shallow, but thoroughly and often. Onions thrive best in rich loamy soil that has been heavily manured.

In selecting the seed-bed, get a rich, moist, mellow place. Do not manure or fertilize immediately before planting; it has a tendency to destroy the seeds, and few, if any, will come up.



Red Bermuda.

Genuine Bermuda Onion Seed.

The genuine Bermuda varieties of Onions are far superior to any other for southern planting. They are very early, heavy crop-ers, good keepers, and mild in flavor, making the best market onion grown. The Bermuda has become one of the most important southern vegetable crops, and there is no crop that depends so much upon the quality of the seed. Large quantities of inferior Bermuda onion seed are offered at low prices, and especially by retail stores, who buy their seed from northern houses, wherever they can obtain them the cheapest. These cheap, or rather, low-priced seeds seldom ever give satisfactory results. The seed we offer is the **genuine Bermuda stock**, imported from the Canary Islands, the only source for setting the true stock.

White Bermuda. Outer skin of light straw color, interior pearly white; very large and flat, mild and palatable. A favorite among market gardeners in Florida. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 85 cts; pound \$3.00.

Red Bermuda. The same as the White Bermuda except in color. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 85 cts; pound \$3.00.

Gripping's White Wax. A waxy white Onion of Bermuda class. We have never seen a more beautiful onion. Large flat; heavy cropper; very mild in flavor, palatable. Far superior to the Red or White Bermuda. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce 20 cts; ounce 35 cts. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb \$1.00; pound \$3.75.

BERMUDA ONION SETS.

We offer this season a limited quantity of choice Southern Grown Bermuda Onion sets, of both White and Red varieties, grown from genuine Teneriffe seed.

These sets if planted in August or September will produce a fine crop of onions maturing during the Fall and early Winter. In South Florida they can safely be planted as late as the middle of October.

Plant sets in rows about 2 feet apart, and about 5 inches apart in the row. Cultivate shallowly, but thoroughly and often.

Price, pint, 15 cts; quart 25 cts; peck \$1.25.

PARSLEY.

Culture.—Sow from August until April, in drills 15 inches apart; keep soil free from weeds. When plants are strong, thin out to 6 inches apart. Requires from 3 to 6 weeks to germinate. Soak seed in warm water for 12 hours before planting.

Extra Moss Curled. The handsomest variety. Best for seasoning and garnishing; Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 65 cts.

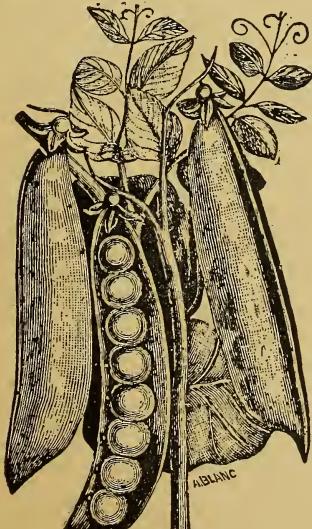
PARSNIPS.

Culture.—Sow thickly in drills from September until November for Fall crop, and from January to May for Spring and Summer crop. Cultivate same as beets.

Hollow Crown Sugar. An old variety, and a favorite with gardeners everywhere. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts.

PEAS.*Imperial Dwarf Pea.*

Culture.—For early peas a moderately rich dry loam is best; for later sorts heavier soil is preferable. Sow in drills about 2 inches apart, and about 5 or 6 inches deep. Planted deeply in this way it takes them longer to germinate, but the vines live longer and produce more abundantly. Plant in double rows 10 inches apart and the rows 3 or 4 feet apart. Use only well rotted manure at the time of planting, as fresh stable manure causes them to run to vines and produce few, if any, peas.



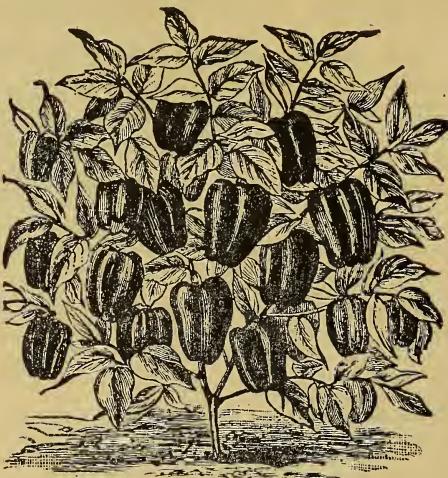
American Wonder. Dwarf, extra early. Is better for home garden than for truckers. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts; pint 35 cts; quart 50 cts.

Imperial Dwarf. A smooth, late sort; good for home or market. Pods large and well filled and exceedingly tender while young; heavy bearer. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 15 cts; pint 25 cts; quart 40 cts; peck \$1.25.

Champion of England. The standard wrinkled Pea. Sugary; good cropper. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 15 cts; pint 25 cts; quart 40 cts; peck \$1.25.

McLean's Little Gem. Very early. Most largely planted in the South. Very fine quality, excellent bearer. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 15 cts; pint 25 cts; quart 45 cts; peck \$1.50.

First and Best. A good extra early sort. Ripens crop very evenly. Pkt 10 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 15 cts; pint 25 cts; quart 40 cts; peck \$1.25.

PEPPERS.

Ruby King Pepper.

Culture.—Sow seed same as tomatoes. Transplant into rows about 3 feet apart and 12 inches in the row.

Long Cayenne. Long, very hot, red Peppers. Usually used for making pepper sauce. Pkt 5 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce 15 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

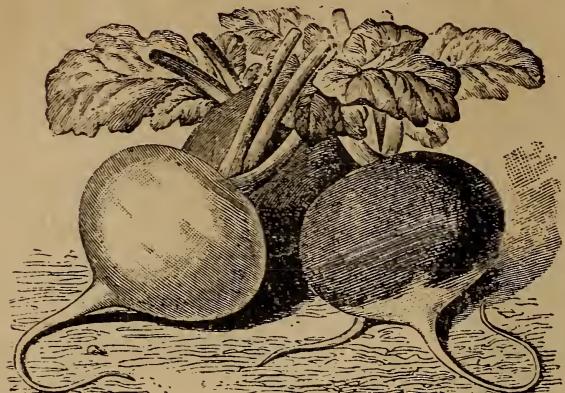
Ruby King. Very mild-flavored and pleasant; largely used for salads; size large. Pkt 5 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce 20 cts; ounce 30 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 90 cts.

Large Sweet Spanish. Large red variety largely used for pickles. Pkt 5 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce 15 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts.

\$1.00 WILL BUY ANY
30 five-cent packets of seed listed
in this Catalogue.

\$1.00 WILL BUY ANY
15 ten-cent packets of seed listed
in this Catalogue.

RADISHES.



Early White Box and White-tipped Early Scarlet Erfurt.

Culture.—In most parts of the South Radishes should be planted any month during the year. The soil should be rich and mellow. Sow in drills 12 to 18 inches apart. To economize in space they can be planted between rows of onions, cabbage, beets or other slow growing vegetables.

Wonderful. Half-long red. So rapid in growth as to perfectly develop in 20 days. Grows three inches long, tapering from broad shoulders to a sharp point, very symmetrical in shape; color a bright scarlet—a gem. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 45 cts.

Gripping's Early Long Scarlet. A valuable quick maturing sort; large beautiful scarlet. An admirable long variety, maturing in 24 days from germination. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts; pound 75 cts.

French Breakfast. A great favorite; beautiful bright scarlet with pure white tip; oval in shape. Fine for forcing or open ground. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 60 cts.

Early White Box. White, short-leaved, turnip-formed. Fine for forcing. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts; pound 60 cts.

Early White-tipped Early Scarlet Erfurt. A fancy French variety. Scarlet bulb with white bottom. Showy and delicate; a choice variety. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts; pound 60 cts.

Early Scarlet Erfurt. Small top, quick growth; crisp and mild. Among the quickest maturing of the red turnip radishes. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20 cts; pound 60 cts.

SALSIFY.

Culture.—Sow from August until December, in well pulverized and manured sandy or loamy soil in drills 1 foot apart; thin out to 3 or 4 inches apart in drills.

Improved Sandwich Island. A very superior French sort. Pkt 10 cts; ounce 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 40 cts.

SPINACH.

Culture.—Sow from September until the end of March, in rich, deep soil, in drills from 12 to 18 inches apart. The more fertilize the soil the larger the leaves.

Bloomsdale. The market gardeners favorite. Leaves wrinkled, curled and succulent. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound 25 cents.

Victoria. A long-standing sort; dark, crisp leavss; compact growth. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cents.

SQUASHES.

Culture.—In lower South Florida, and in favorable seasons in the northern portion of the state, also west along the Gulf coast and in southern Georgia, a good crop of Fall squashes can be grown. Plant about the middle of August. In South Florida plant at intervals of two weeks until the middle of October. In well cultivated land bush varieties should be planted from 3 to 4 feet apart; running varieties from 6 to 8 feet apart. Put 8 or 10 seeds in a hill, and thin out when large enough, leaving 3 or 4 of the best plants.

Extra-early Bush. Matures for table use in 40 days from germination. Exceedingly productive and profitable to the market gardener. Fruit white and waxy when young, turning yellow as it grows older. Plant bushy habit. Will do well on light sandy soil. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 50 cts.

Mammoth White. A large-growing strain of the early bush class; produces immense white squashes in great quantities. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 25 cts; pound 65 cts.

Early White Bush or Patty Pan. Early, and a general favorite with growers for market or home use. Very productive; light cream color. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 50 cts.

Golden Summer Crookneck. A strong grower, and a prolific producer, continuing to bear long after most varieties have ceased; fine buttery flavor, and a general favorite for home and market use. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 55 cts.

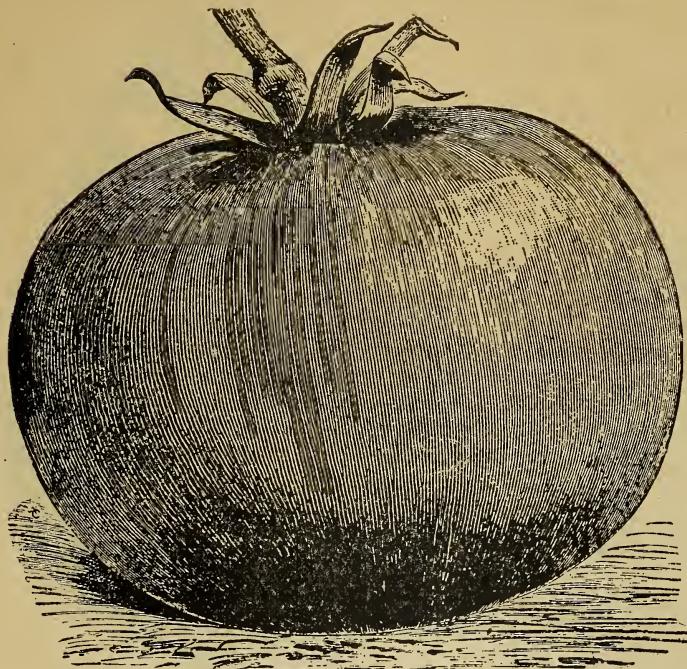
TOMATOES.

Culture.—Seed should be sown from November until February, according to the location, and if where there is danger from frost, in a hotbed, cold frame, or boxes placed in a sheltered spot near windows. Sow thinly, or they will come up too spindly and weak. If, when they are 2 or 3 inches high, they are transplanted into other boxes or pots 3 or 4 inches apart each way, they will grow stout and sturdy, and will do much better when transplanted in the open ground. Transplant as soon as danger from frost is over, in hills 3 feet apart each way. Support the vines with stakes.

Burpee's Matchless. A standard main crop variety. Produces enormous crops of finest, earliest fruit. Tomatoes are very large, perfectly smooth and uniform; more solidly meaty, with fewer seeds than any other variety. *Bright Red.* Always of the finest quality. This variety is becoming very popular with truckers in South Florida, where it has given most satisfactory results. Pkt 5 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce 15 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 75 cts; pound \$2.50.

Acme. The earliest real good tomato especially suited for shipping. Plants strong, vigorous and productive; fruit medium size, round, somewhat flattened at ends; color purplish red. Pkt 5 cents; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts; pound \$2.00.

Beauty. A hardy, strong, productive plant; fruit large, smooth and excellent in quality; color purplish crimson. Very firm of flesh and tough skinned, for early market it cannot be excelled. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts, pound \$2.00.

*Burpee's Matchless Tomato.*

Money Maker. No other tomato so quick to ripen and more money-making for early shipping to distant markets. Foliage silvery and large; fruit borne in bunches, red, flattened slightly irregular in form. An elasticity of character of fruit fitting it for long shipments. Will do well on light, sandy soil. Pkt 5 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts; pound \$2.50.

Dwarf Champion. Stems short, stiff, thick, almost self-supporting; leaves dark color, much curled and twisted. Fruit borne in showy clusters, quite large; nearly round, solid red color with purple tint. Needs no staking or supporting. Pkt 5 cts; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce 15 cts; ounce 25 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb pound 75 cts, pound \$2.50.

Stone. A very superior sort, producing extraordinarily thick, solid red fruit. Its shipping qualities are best in all essential points, large, smooth; color red; shape almost round; very productive. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 65 cts. pound \$2.25.

Perfection. Large, solid, and as smooth as an apple. Deep red in color. A superb tomato. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 20 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60 cts; pound \$2.00.

***** 50 CENTS BUYS

Our Jumbo Collection of Seed.

Enough sent to plant a small family garden for 50 cents. The packets are well filled with choice tested seed of best varieties. See page 10

MR. PETERS, the "Tomato King" of the Famous Biscayne Bay section, says of the MATCHLESS TOMATO:
"What I know of Tomato growing I have learned by experience. My next crop will be entirely of the Matchless Tomato. I can grow them on less fertilizer, and they hold out large fruit longer than any other I have tried."

TURNIPS.

Culture.—In this latitude Turnips can be sown any month in the year, the preferable seasons being February and March for the Spring and Summer crop, and August and September for the Fall crop. Sow moderately thin in rows 18 to 24 inches apart and when well up thin out to 3 or 4 inches apart in the row. Like other root crops, they require a well-pulverized, fertile soil for best results.

Griffing's Golden Ball. Size medium to large. Quick growth, maturing several days earlier than other varieties. A beautiful amber color; rich, sweet and pulpy flesh; making it most desirable for table purposes. Good keeper. The best all-round Turnip for southern planting. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 15 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 30 cts; pound 75 cts.

Early White Flat Dutch Strap-leaved. Very popular for market and home use; grows quickly; clear white skin and flesh; of mild flavor and excellent quality. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

Purple Top Strap-leaved. The most generally planted variety. It is a quick grower; the flesh is very fine grained and sweet flavored. The red top of the bulb, which extends to where it rests in the soil, adds much to the appearance of this popular variety. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

Pomeranian White Globe. A rough-leaved white sort; valuable for both table and stock. Pkt 5 cts. ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 45 cts.

Amber Globe. Green crowned. One of the best and most valuable sorts. Almost indispensable in many households. It is a vigorous grower, valuable for both table and cattle feeding; productive, and a good keeper. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts; pound 50 cts.

RUTABAGAS.

Culture.—Same as turnips.

Bloomsdale Swede. Purple crowned, golden skinned; almost globular in form, and earlier to mature than any other known rutabagas. It is not only the best feeding Turnip, but the best Turnip for table use during the winter, being of fine texture and fine flavor. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts.

Seven Top. Especially desirable for greens and salads. This is the hardiest of all sorts. In the Spring it yields abundant foliage, which is excellent for boiling with cured meats, and is much in demand. Pkt 5 cts; ounce 10 cts; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 20 cts.

YOU CAN EASILY UNDERSTAND WHY

Carefully Grown Seed Especially Selected for Southern Planting,

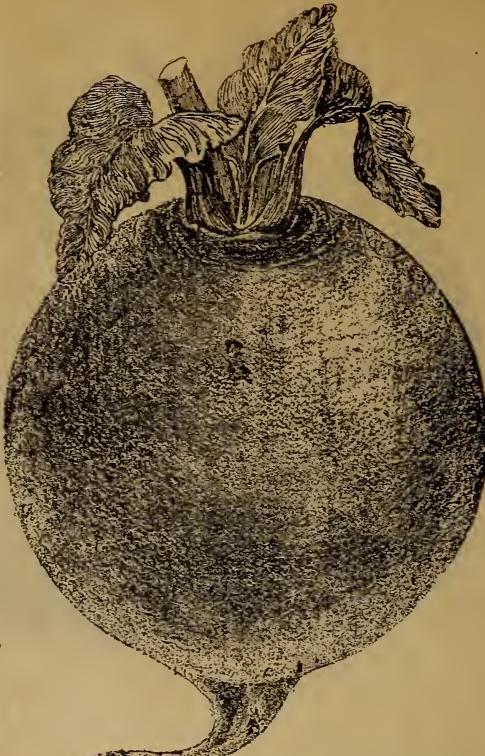
Will give better results and are cheaper in the end than cheap seed purchased from houses having no interest in the South other than the few orders they secure. We are located in the South, are interested in the development of the South. Our customers interests are our interests.

\$1.00 Home Garden Collection for Summer and Fall Planting.

This collection is carefully selected from from our stock of **Tested Seed**, comprising varieties and sorts especially adapted for the Summer and Fall Home Garden.

\$1.60 worth of Seed by mail, postpaid, for \$1.00.

Enough Seed to keep your home supplied with vegetables from Early Fall until midwinter.



Griffing's Golden Ball Turnip.

		LIST PRICE
1 packet	Extra Early Refugee	Beans 10 cts
1 "	New Stringless Green Pod	Beans 10 "
1 "	Improved Golden Wax	Bean 10 "
1 "	Extra Early Eclipse	Beets 5 "
1 "	Imperial Blood Red Turnip	Beets 5 "
1 "	Select Early Jersey Wakefield	Cabbage 5 "
2 "	Griffing's Succession	10 "
1 "	Landreth First	Cucumber 5 "
1 "	Griffing's Improved Thornless	Egg Plant 5 "
1 "	Big Boston	Lettuce 5 "
1 "	Southern Curled Leaved	Mustard 5 "
1 "	White Bermuda	Onion 10 "
1 "	Red Bermuda	Onion 10 "
1 "	Wonderful	Radish 5 "
1 "	Early White Box	" 5 "
1 "	White-tipped Early Scarlet Erfurt	" 5 "
1 "	Early Bush	Squash 5 "
1 "	Beauty	Tomato 5 "
2 "	Money Maker	" 5 "
2 "	Griffing's Golden Ball	Turnip 10 "
2 "	Purple Top Strap Leaved	" 10 "
1 "	Bloomsdale Swede	Rutabaga 5 "
1 "	Imperial Dwarf Garden	Peas 10 "
ALL FOR \$1.00 POSTPAID.		\$1 60

Jumbo 50 Cent Seed Collection.

Our Jumbo collection is one of the Largest and Finest Collections of Seed ever offered for the price.

Packets are full size, and filled from our stock of choice tested Seed.

Price, 50 cents, postpaid.

1 packet	New Extra Early Refugee	Beans 10 cts
1 "	Improved Golden Wax	" 10 "
1 "	Extra Early Eclipse	Beets 5 "
1 "	Griffing's Succession	Cabbage 5 "
1 "	Landreth First	Cucumber 5 "
1 "	Southern Curled Leaved	Mustard 5 "
1 "	Red Bermuda	Onion 10 "
1 "	Wonderful	Radish 5 "
1 "	Early White Box	" 5 "
1 "	Money Maker	Tomato 5 "
1 "	Griffing's Golden Ball	Turnip 5 "
1 "	Purple Strap Leaved	" 5 "
1 "	Bloomsdale Swede	Rutabaga 5 "
ALL FOR 50 CENTS, POSTPAID.		80 cts

NURSERY DEPARTMENT.

We herewith give a partial list of our stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, with prices for season of 1900 and 1901. For complete list and full descriptions send for General Descriptive Catalogue for 1901. Ready to mail October 1st.

Orange and Other Citrus Fruits.

Since the earliest days of Florida Horticulture, the Orange has stood at the head of the list of Money Making Fruit. Possessing a fascination upon the grower, inspiring him to repair the damage done by frost from time to time. Always giving bountiful harvests of Golden Fruit and handsome profits, in return for the care and attention given.

Growers who are planting new groves, using trees budded upon the Hardy Citrus Trifoliata stock, and where it is necessary, providing means for protection from frost, are meeting with wonderful success. The Citrus Trifoliata when used as a stock for the Orange or Grape Fruit, imparts hardness, productiveness and

early bearing qualities to the variety budded upon it. The use of Citrus Trifoliata as a stock is not an absolute protection against damage from frost during our most severe seasons, yet it materially increases hardness by keeping the trees in a dormant condition during the winter season several weeks longer than any other stock yet used.

The early bearing quality, and the extreme productiveness is of especial importance to the planter, the trees producing profitable crops from two to three years sooner than when budded upon other stocks, reducing not only the risk from frost, but also the cost of bringing the grove into profitable bearing and of protection to a minimum.

The Citrus Trifoliata becomes entirely dormant during the winter, withstanding zero weather without injury. With the use of Citrus Trifoliata as a stock for Oranges and Grape Fruit, the orange industry can not only be revived in the old orange belt, but extended into the more northern portion of Florida, along the Gulf Coast and in Southern Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas.

We also offer a complete list of Orange and Grape Fruit Trees budded upon Sweet and Sour Orange and Rough Lemon Stocks.

Varieties of Orange, etc. in Stock.

Oranges. Bessie, Boone's Early, Centennial, Early Oblong, Homosassa, Jaffa, King, Magnum Bonum, Majorica, Mandarin, Maltese Blood, Mediterranean Sweet, Nonpareil, Parson Brown, Pine Apple, Ruby, Satsuma, St. Michaels Blood, Tangerine (Dancy's), Tardiff (Hart's Late), Washington Navel.

Grape Fruits or Pomeiros. Aurantium, Duncan, Excelsior, Florida (common), Marsh Seedless, Triumph, Walters.

Lemons. Genoa, Villa Francha.



No. 1. Very Heavy and Stocky. No. 2. Medium Stocky.
LOW BRANCHED ORANGE TREES.

PRICES OF ORANGE, GRAPE FRUIT AND LEMON TREES

Budded either upon Citrus Trifoliata, Sweet and Sour Orange or Rough Lemon stocks

		Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
3 and 4 year old stocks, 1½ to 2 ft. straight trees	\$ 35	\$3 00	\$25 00	\$230 00	
3 and 4 " " 2 to 3 " "	40	3 50	30 00	280 00	
3 and 4 " " 3 to 4 " "	45	4 00	35 00	330 00	
4 and 5 " " 4 to 5 " partly branched trees...	55	5 00	40 00	380 00	
5 year old stock, 5 ft. up, heavily branched trees	75	6 50	55 00		
3 and 4 year old stocks, low-branched trees, medium size stocky, like No. 2 illustration.....	45	4 00	35 00	330 00	
3 to 5 year old stocks. low-branched trees, very heavy and stocky, like No. 1 illustration.....	55	5 00	40 00	380 00	

KUMQUATS.

Tree of dwarfish habit, with beautiful compact head. Fruit is excellent for jams, preserves and pickles; also good for eating out of hand. Trees very prolific Round and oblong varieties in stock. Trees budded on Citrus Trifoliata and Sweet Orange stock only.

PRICES OF KUMQUATS.

		Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 and 3 year old stocks.	{ 1 to 1½ feet, few branches	\$ 30	\$2 50	\$20 00
	{ 1½ to 2 feet, branched.....	40	3 50	30 00
	{ 2 to 3 feet, branched	50	4 00	35 00

PEACHES.

A fruit adapted to the entire South, and which has done more toward bringing the South into prominence as a fruit-growing section than all others. It comes into bearing in the shortest period after planting, and is more remunerative than any other fruit grown over such a large area. Decidedly a fruit of the people, and should be grown by everyone.

Varieties Best Adapted to North Florida and Corresponding Latitudes.

Angel, Climax, Colon, Countess, Early Cream, Edith, Estella, Florida Crawford, Florida Gem, Gibbons' October, Honey, Imperial, Jewel, La Reine, Mamie Rose, Oviedo, Pallas, Powers' September, Sangmel, Stanley, Sunset, Taber, Victoria, Waldo.

Peaches Best Adapted to South Florida and Extreme Southern Texas.

Bidwell's Early, Bidwell's Late, Jewell, Waldo, Florida Gem, Oviedo, Suber, Angel, Red Ceylon, Maggie, Yum-Yum, Florida Crawford, La Reine and Gibbons' October.

Peaches Adapted to Portions of North Florida, Georgia, and Corresponding Latitudes.

Alexander, Amelia, Belle of Georgia, Carman, Champion, Crawford's Early and Late, Chinese Cling, Crosby, Early Tillotson, Emma, Elberta, Foster, General Lee, Greensboro, Lady Ingold, Matthew's Beauty, Mountain Rose, Oldmixon Cling, Picquett's Late, Sneed, St. Johns, Stump-the-World, Thurber, Triumph and Waddell.

PRICES of Standard Varieties of PEACHES.

		Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
Standard varieties	{ 2 to 3 feet, small size	\$ 10	\$ 80	\$ 6 00	\$ 45 00
	{ 3 to 4 feet, medium size	13	1 10	7 00	55 00
1 year old trees.	{ 4 to 6 feet, standard size	15	1 30	9 00	70 00
	{ 6 feet and up, extra size	25	2 00	14 00	100 00

PLUMS.**Varieties Best Adapted for Southern Planting.**

Abundance, Berckmans, Burbank, Chabot, Excelsior, Hale, Imperial Cherry, Kelsey, Red June, Wickson, Wild Goose.

PRICES OF PLUMS on either Marianna Plum or Peach Roots.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
1 year, 2 to 3 feet, small size	\$ 10	\$ 80	\$ 6 00	\$ 45 00
1 year, 3 to 4 feet, medium size	13	1 10	7 00	55 00
1 year, 4 to 6 feet, standard size	15	1 30	9 00	70 00
1 year, 6 feet and up, extra fine	25	2 00	14 00	100 00

PEARS.

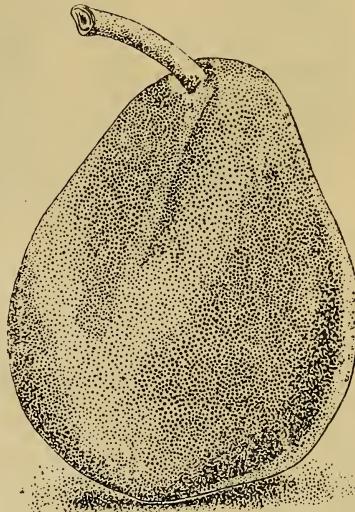
For planting in the Lower South we especially recommend LeConte, Keiffer, Garber, Smith and Cincencis as the most desirable varieties.

PRICES OF PEARS.

1 year old trees.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet, small size	\$ 15	\$ 1 25	\$ 9 00
3 to 4 feet, medium size	20	1 50	11 00
4 to 6 feet, standard size	25	1 75	12 50
6 feet and up, extra size	30	2 25	16 00

PROMPT SHIPMENT.

After the opening of the shipping season all orders are shipped as soon as received, unless instructed to the contrary. We have every modern convenience, including Long Distance Telephone connection between nursery and office, enabling us to execute all orders carefully and promptly.



Le Conte Pear.

APPLES.

We have the following choice varieties in stock: Alexander, Ben Davis, Early Harvest, Horse, JENNING'S FLORIDA, King, Maiden Blush, RED ASTRACHAN, RED JUNE, Yellow Transparent.

The varieties in CAPITALS are those that succeed best in Florida.

PRICES.

1 year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1 year, standard size, 4 to 5 feet	\$ 15	\$ 1 25	\$ 9 00
2 year, extra size, 5 feet and up	20	1 50	10 00
	25	2 00	15 00

FIGS.

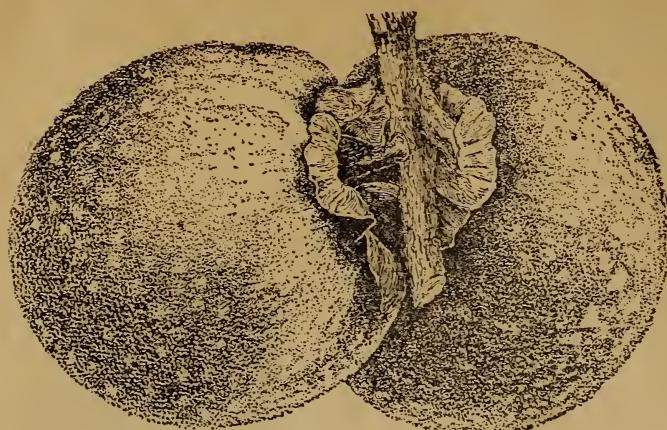
Celestial. One of the most desirable of southern fruits, and may be had for table use from June until November. The fruit is small but very sweet; can be eaten out of hand without peeling.

BROWN TURKEY, BRUNSWICK, LEMON, GREEN ISCHIA and GENOA are also excellent varieties.

PRICES.

1-year, small size, 1 to 2 feet	Each	10	100
1-year, medium size, 2 to 3 feet	\$ 0 15	\$ 1 25	\$ 9 00
1-year, standard size, 3 to 4 feet	20	1 50	10 00
1-year, extra size, 4 feet and up	25	1 75	12 50
	30	2 25	17 50

KAKI, JAPAN PERSIMMON.



Zengi Persimmon.

Choicest and best varieties of Kaki are Costata, Hachrya, Hyakume, Imperial, Okame, Tana Nashi, Triumph, Tsuru, Yeddo Ichi, Yemon, Zengi.

PRICES OF JAPAN-PERSIMMONS on Native Persimmon Roots.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
1 year, small, 2 to 3 feet.....	\$.20	\$1 40	\$12 50	\$100 00
1 year, medium, 3 to 4 feet	25	1 75	14 00	125 00
1 year, standard, 4 to 5 feet	30	2 00	17 50	160 00
1 year, 5 to 6 feet, large, partly branched.....	35	2 50	20 00	
2 year, 4 to 5 feet, well branched	40	3 00	25 00	
2 year, 5 feet and up, branched very fine	50	4 00	35 00	

MULBERRIES.

There is, perhaps, no fruit in the South more neglected than the Everbearing Mulberry. Every farmer should have a grove of Hicks' and Downing's Everbearing. They produce fruit four months in the Spring and Summer, which is just the thing for hogs and poultry. The acid varieties are esteemed by many for table use. Some fruit-growers plant Mulberries to attract birds from other more valuable fruits.

Hicks' Downing, RUSSIAN and BLACK ENGLISH are four of the best varieties for southern planting.

PRICES	Each	10	100	1,000
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet.....	15	\$1 25	\$9 00	\$70 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet.....	20	1 50	10 00	80 00
1-year, extra size, 6 feet and up.....	25	2 00	13 00	100 00

NUT-BEARING TREES.

Pecans, Paper Shell.

Pecan culture is rapidly increasing, there being few trees that yield as regular and large an income after they attain the bearing age, which is at 6 to 8 years after planting.



PRICE	10	100	1,000
Seedlings, from selected seed, Each	10	100	1,000
1-year, 6 inches to 1 foot	15	\$1 20	\$10 00
1-year, 1 to 2 feet	20	1 50	12 00
2-year, 2 to 3 feet.....	30	2 25	17 50

Budded or Grafted Pecans.

The Pecan; when budded or grafted from bearing trees, comes into bearing the second or third year from planting. You have a certainty of getting nothing but the choicest nuts. We will send sample nuts from the trees off of which the buds and grafts were taken.

PRICES OF GRAFTED AND BUDDED TREES, MEASURED FROM GROUND.

Small buds, 6 inches to 1 foot.....	\$ 65 each	\$6 00 per 10
Buds or Grafts 1 to 2 feet.....	75 "	6 50 " 10
" " 2 to 4 "	1 00 "	8 00 " 10
" " 4 feet up	1 50 "	

Chestnuts, Japanese Mammoth.

Remarkable for its great size and fine flavor, in which it is superior to European sorts.

PRICE—1-year, 1 to 2 feet, 30 cents each. \$2 50 per 10, \$20 00 per 100,
" " 2 " 2 to 4 " 40 " " 3 50 " " 30 00 " "

Walnuts.

CALIFORNIA PAPER-SHELL AND JAPAN.

	PRICE	Each	10	100
1-year, 1 to 2 feet.....	\$ 26	\$1 75		\$15 00
2-year, 2 to 3 feet.....	30	2 50		20 00

GRAPES.**Trellis Varieties.**

We have the following of the trellis varieties that succeed exceptionally well in the South: Diamond, Duchesse, Champion, Moore's Early, Brighton, Delaware, Concord, Niagara, Worden, Empire State, Salem, Ives' Seedling, Eaton and Pocklington.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
1 year vines.....	\$ 15	\$1 00	\$ 7 00	\$50 00	
2 year vines.....	20	1 25	9 00	65 00	

Bullace, or Muscadine Type.

This is a type of Grapes peculiar to the South. The yield is very large, and cultivation has been reduced to the simplest form. Plant 50 feet apart, and train to spread over arbors constructed of durable material. They may be well fertilized, but should never be trimmed.

VARIETIES: Thomas, and Flowers.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
1-year layers.....	\$ 15	\$1 00	\$ 7 00	\$50 00	
2-year transplanted vines	20	1 25	9 00	65 00	

Special and New Varieties of Muscadine Grapes: Scuppernong, James, Eden.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1-year layers.....	\$ 15	\$1 25	\$10 00	
2-year vines	25	1 60	12 00	

~~~ ORNAMENTALS ~~~

Space will not permit us listing any portion of our Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. If you wish to purchase trees or plants for ornamental purposes, send for our General Catalogue, in which we list a complete line of

HARDY SOUTHERN ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS.

STRAWBERRIES.



Strawberries are the earliest, most welcome, and among the most wholesome of summer fruits, and are of such easy culture that no one having a rod of ground need be without them.

We have in stock: Brandywine, Clyde, Lady Thompson, Columbian, Michel's Early, Improved Noonan or Newnan and Indian River; all excellent varieties.

PRICES. 25c. per doz., 50c. per 100, \$2.50 per 1000.

ROSES.

We make a specialty of Rose growing, and publish a Special Rose Catalogue, beautifully illustrated with photographic engravings and describing over 150 choice varieties, with full instructions for planting and caring for

Roses. If you are especially interested in this line, send for a copy of "Roses for the Southland," sent free upon application.

PRICES OF ROSES.

	Each	10	100
1-year, field-grown grafted plants.....	\$.25	\$2.00	\$17.00
2-year, " " "	35	3.00	25.00

Plants by Mail.—Small orders of the 1-year old size can be sent by mail. Price, by mail, postpaid, 30 cents each, \$2.50 per 10. Two-year old bushes are too large to go by mail.

The following is a partial list of the varieties we offer. Space will not permit of our describing any of them here, but we have classed them into three general lists: EVERBLOOMING, composed largely of Tea and Hybrid Tea varieties; SEMI-ANNUAL BLOOMING, comprising the Hybrid Remontant and Moss Roses, and CLIMBERS, comprising the varieties best suited for climbing on porches and other places.

All the varieties listed are the very choicest, and will give perfect satisfaction.

Everblooming Roses.

Agrippina, Aline Sisley, Archduke Charles, Bengal Nabonnand, Bon Silene, Bougere, Captain Christy, Christine de Noue, Clothilde Soupert, Comptesse Eva Starhemberg, Coquette de Lyon, Duchesse de Brabant, Etoile de Lyon, Henry M. Stanley, La France, Louis Phillippe, Louis Richard, Mme. Caroline Testout, Mme. Francisca Kruger, Mme. Georges Bruant, Mme. Jean Sisley, Mme. Jos. Schwarts, Mme. Lambard, Mme. Phliemon Cochet, Mme. Scipion Cochet, Mme. Schwaller, Mlle. Cecile Brunner, Maman Cochet, Marie Van Houtte, Maurice Bouvier, Mrs. DeGraw, Papa Gontier, Robert E. Lee, Safrano, Snowflake, Sombreuil, The Bride, The Queen, Theresa Stravius, Vicomtesse de Wautier, Washington, White La France, White Perle des Jardins, Zelia Pradel.

Semi-Annual Blooming Roses.

Baronne Prevost, Charles Lefebvre, Dr. Sewell, General Jacqueminot, Glory of Mosses, John Hopper, Jules Margottin, La Reine, Magna Charta, Marshall P. Wilder, Mrs. John Laing, Paeonia, Paul Neyron, Perle des Blanches, Pride of Reigate, Vick's Caprice.

Climbing Roses.

Chromatella or Cloth of Gold, Crimson Rambler, Devonensis, Glorie de Dijon, James Sprunt, Lamarque, Mme. Alfred Carriere, Madame Clement Massier, Marechal Niel, Reine Marie Henriette, Reve d'Or, Solfaterre.

Poultry Department.

THE POULTRY we here list, consists only of fowls carefully bred from selected stock. Our equipment and system of breeding are fully up to the standard, and our stock will be found High Grade, and as recommended.



BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS. The great American breed. The people's favorite, and the most practical all-purpose fowl of the times. Good layers, good setters, and good table fowls. Our stock of Barred Plymouth Rocks is very fine and carefully bred. Price, per trio, \$6; single birds, cocks, \$2.50, pullets \$2; egg, \$2.50 per setting of 13.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS. Price, per trio \$6.00; single birds, cocks; \$2.50, pullets \$2.00; eggs, \$2.50 per setting of 13.

WHITE WYANDOTTES. Price, per trio, \$6.00; single birds, cocks, \$2.50, pullets \$2.00; eggs \$2.50 per setting of 13.

BROWN LEGHORNS (Single Combed). Our strain of Brown Leghorns are large in size, fine in form and well colored. Excellent layers, having scored the highest record per hen of any breed we have; non-sitters; chicks are easily raised, hardy and healthy. Price, per trio, \$5; single birds, cocks, \$2.25, pullets \$1.75; eggs \$2.25 per setting of 13.

WHITE LEGHORNS (Single Combed).

Wonderful egg producers, non-sitters. Price, per trio, \$5.00; single birds, cocks, \$2.25, pullets \$1.75; eggs \$2.25 per setting of 13.

BLACK MINORCAS. Excellent layers. Price, per trio, \$6.00; single birds, cocks, \$2.50; pullets \$2.00; eggs \$2.50 per setting of 13.

HOUDANS. Price, per trio, \$6.00; single birds, cocks, \$2.50, pullets \$2.00; eggs \$2.50 per setting of 13.

BUFF COCHINS. Price, per trio, \$7.00; birds, cocks, \$3.50, pullets \$3.00; eggs \$2.50 per setting of 13.

SILVER SPANGLED HAMBURGS. A most beautiful fowl and an excellent layer. Price, per trio, \$7.00; single birds, cocks, \$3.50; pullets \$3.00; eggs \$3.50 per setting of 13.

COLORED DORKINGS, A prominent English bird. Price, per trio, \$6.00; single birds, cocks, \$2.50, pullets \$2.00; eggs \$2.50 per setting of 13.

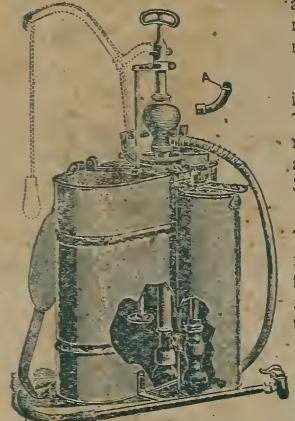


In addition to the above list we have several breeds, prices of which will be named upon application, viz: Golden Wyandottes, Buff Leghorns, Light Bramahs, Black Langshang, American Dominiques, Cornish Indian Game, Black Breasted Red Game, Pit Game, Black Breasted Red Game Bantams, Imperial Pekin Ducks, Bronze Turkeys.

Farm and Garden Supplies.

We offer a limited line of useful Farm and Garden Implements. For more complete list than here given send for General Catalogue.

199. Success Knapsack Sprayer. The most convenient and best made knapsack spraying outfit on the market. Copper tank; high-grade brass pump, with bronze valves; thoroughly adjustable and easily taken apart for cleaning and re-packing when necessary; extra broad shoulder straps; fitted with Bordeaux or Vermorel nozzle. A well-made, complete sprayer. \$12.



The Weed Knapsack Kerosene Sprayer.

200. The Weed Knapsack Kerosene Sprayer. Mechanically mixes the oil and water as pumped, making a perfect solution. The operator can, by turning a pointer on the percentage scale, regulate the exact proportion of oil used. The Kerosene tank and attachment can be removed, leaving a complete Success Knapsack Sprayer outfit. Price, complete, \$16.

204. Peerless Barrel Sprayer. With mechanical agitator. The best and most practical barrel spray outfit on the market. Well made, with all working parts brass or bronzed. Price, complete, fitted with 12½ feet of hose, and either Bordeaux or Vermorel nozzles, iron air-chambers, \$13.50; with brass air-chamber, \$17; with two 12½ feet sections of hose, fitted with nozzles as above, \$2 extra.

205. Deming Barrel Sprayer. A practical sprayer for orchard work. Has mechanical agitator; working part's, cylinder and air-chamber brass-lined. A good, cheap barrel-sprayer outfit. Price, complete, fitted with 12½ feet of hose and Bordeaux nozzle. \$9; fitted with two 12½ feet sections of hose and nozzles, \$2 extra.

206. Peerless Kerosene Barrel Sprayer, with large, 5-gallon copper kerosene tank. Mechanically mixes the kerosene and water as pumped, making a perfect emulsion. The Kerosene tank can be removed and the agitator that comes with the outfit attached, and you have a Peerless barrel sprayer like No. 204. Price of outfit, complete, with 12½-foot section of hose and either Bordeaux or Vermorel nozzle, with iron air-chamber, \$25.00; the same with brass air-chamber, \$28.50; with two 12½ foot sections of hose and nozzles as above, \$2 extra.

Send for catalogue listing a complete line of spray pumps and supplies.

Planet Junior Implements.

224. New No. 4 Seeder, Cultivator, Wheel-hoe and Plow. Especially adapted to either the family or market gardener. Sows seed either in drills or drops in hills from 4 to 24 inches apart; works accurately. The seeder can be removed, leaving a perfect wheel-hoe, cultivator and plow. Price \$12; plain as drill, only \$8.50.



225. Single-wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow. The very best of the Planet Jr. single-wheel cultivating implements. Price, \$6.

226. No. 1 Combined Seeder, Wheel-hoe and Plow. Sows in drills only. An excellent tool, and can be used as a cultivator, wheel-hoe or plow. Price, \$10.50.

227. Fertilizer, Pea and Bean Drill. Sows from 100 to 1,000 pounds to the acre. Also sows peas, beans and other large seeds in drills very regularly. Price, \$14; opening plow, coverer, roller and marker \$4 extra.

228. Planet Jr. Horse Hoe. A first-class, strong, light implement. Can be used as a horse hoe for hillling up crops, etc., or as a cultivator. Lever attachment for regulating the depth of cultivating, also for width of row. Every farmer or gardener should have one. Price \$10.50.

If you want any kind of Agricultural Implements, Tools or Supplies not listed in this Catalogue, write us about it. We will get them for you at lowest prices.

For more complete list and description of Planet Jr. goods, apply to us for complete Catalogue.

Address all correspondence to

**THE GRIFFING BROS. COMPANY,
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.**